spend several weeks, possibly months, in the laboratry. The Soyuz ferry docked with the station last night, nee satisfied the docking had gone smoothly, ground introllers ordered the crew to sleep before switching saft. The cosmonants have 20 square metres of work pace at their disposal. A Flight Control Centre scientist, or Shumilov, said on television today that Gorbatko ad Glazkov would practise carrying out repairs, using pecial tools, aboard Salyut.



Syria asks U.N. to appeal Israel about Arab detainees

GENEVA, Feb. 9 (R). - Syria today asked the United Nations Human Rights Commission to appeal urgently to Israel to improve conditions for imprisoned Arab detainees. Israel dismissed the move, saying that the voting power of Arab states and their supporters on the 32-nation commission meant that even a resolution accusing the Israeli government of cannibalism would obtain automatic approval. The commission, meeting in its five-week annual session, is discussing alleged violations of buman rights in Israeli-occupied territories for the eighth

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# Ling Hussein: Jordan insists on total Israeli withdrawal

AN, Feb. 9 (Agencies) — fajesty King Hussein told Secretary General Kurt seim today that a Middle peace settlement should sed on a full Israeli withil from all Arab territor-

Volume 2, Number 382

cupied in 1967. g. Hussein explained the nian position to Dr. Waiat a meeting here at oyal Place this morning, d sources said. ian also backed the reson of the legitimate ri-

of the Palestinian people, Hussein added. ian News Agency said ling also insisted that Jor-would attend the conferemly as a confrontation and not as a representaf the Palestinians.

The two hour meeting was attended by His Highness Cr-own Prince Hassan, Prime Minister Mudar Badran and the Armed Forces chief of Staff. Lt.-Gen. Zeid Ibn Shaker.

Following last night's talks between Dr. Waldheim and Pri-me Minister Mudar Badran, Jordanian leaders have stated their support for a speedy resump-tion of the Geneva conference with the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) taking part.

Dr. Waldheim gave the King a full briefing on his talks in Cairo, Damascus, Riyadh and Beirut, official sources said.

A delegation of Palestinian refugees living in Jordanian camps handed Dr. Waldheim a

and outlining their hopes for U.N. mediation efforts, the news agency said.

The U.N. secretary general also had separate talks with Crown Prince Hassan on the country's aims in the five year

Dr. Waldheim wil leave for Israel tomorrow morning.

Meanwhile, Arabs living on the occupied West Bank are planning anti-Israeli demonstrations on Thursday to coincide with Dr. Waldheim's arrival in Israel, it was learned

Leaflets confiscated by Israeli authorities called on Arab merchants, students and transport companies to take part in the demonstrations.

WA; in the meantime, we have restored the budget of UNRWA

and the programme will conti-nue normally and fully.

Q.: When you visit Israel to-

morrow you will be landing at Qalendia airport near Jerusa-lem. That would make you the

first international leader to use

the airport since it was occu-

He says in interview

note concerning their conditions

# Waldheim: Arab leaders sincerely wish a M.E. peace settlement

E U.N. Secretary General, Dr. Kurt Waldheim, talked to this reporter at the "Guest Palace". sai Amman, in a small friendly sitting-room.

Despite the demands of his difficult mission, crowded schedule and the pains he took in pickhis words, he still had the time for a person to rson talk

His modesty, sociable manner and affability he through quite strongly throughout the meeting. e interview was conducted Wednesday evening.

by Lina Gress al to the Jordan Times

low would you sum up rab point of view after visited Egypt, Saudi Syria, Lebanon and

leaders sincerely wish a ated settlement to the ? East problem. They feel he time is ripe for the ption of the negotiations nat there is enough flexiin order to permit the re-ion of the Geneva confe-They see especially the ity of tackling the subs-of the Middle East pro-

and not getting lost in a rocedural debate. 1 the Geneva peace cont is to reconvene, the pation of the PLO could a major obstacle. You med in Geneva that Israel ie U.S. refused PLO par-

ion even in a unified delegation. Do you see a of the deadlock? his certainly is one of oblems we are faced with, is of course one of the is of course one of the subjects of my talks until hope that a satisfactory in will be found for this in; evidently the Palesti-limension is of crucial im-

ice to any solution of the re East problem, ou mentioned alternatives . Geneva peace conferen-What are those alterna-

t present we have to conte on the reconvening of eneva conference. I hope fforts in this regard will id; otherwise we will be with a very serious de-

> mel is refusing to recognoming Middle East peace nent and wishes the U.S. the sole mediator. Does ot hinder your mission

dy mission is to clarify lews of the parties conthe negotiating process, looking forward to dis-ing the Middle East pro-in all its aspects with the government, Israel has recognised the validity of resolutions 242 and 338 formed the basis for the ra conference held in De-

ər 1973. Vest Germany, France and European countries have asked to assume a role in nure M.E. settlement. Are any reservations on this any objection to the enference as Egypt has suggest-

ed? A.: We welcome any help we get from individual member states or groups of states in order to solve the problem. As far as the participation of other countries in the Geneva conference is concerned, this is a matter for the conference to

Q.: The settlements envisaged to date do not tackie the situa-tion of the Palestinian refugees who were driven out of their homes in 1948. This is contrary to U.N. resolutions concerning the rights of the Palestinian to return to their homes and to receive compensation. Does the U.N. have a solution for this

A.: The Palestinians have insisted on their political status. The General Assembly has endorsed this claim. The other questions you have raised will have to be resolved within the framework of a negotiated set-

Q: UNRWA in Jordan and the West Bank has reduced its edu-cational and other services while the refugees are still in their camps. Can the U.N. do anything about this?

A.: The reduction was on a temporary basis because of tha deficit in the budget of UNR-

# Allon says Israel could go to Geneva

BRUSSELS, Feb. 9 (AFP). -Israel is willing to resume negotiations with the Arabs at Geneva, and to do so without awaiting Israel's parliamentary election, Israeli Foreign Minis-

ter Yigal Allon said here today. But he specified that participants at the Geneva conference should be the same ones that were at its initial sessions -which would exclude the Pales-

tine Liberation Organisation Reconvening the conference should result in a definitive over-all settlement or at least an agreement to end hostilities, Mr. Allon said at a press con-

Israel would yield less territory in exchange for an agree-ment on non-belligarence than for an over-all settlement, he indicated.

"As second best we are prepared to consider negotiations on the cessation of a state of war which is a step less than normalisation of relations," he

explained. However, Israel's foreign minister, who meets United Napled by Israel in 1967. Foreign personalities visiting Israel in an official capacity have long made it a point not to visit the

sence there be taken as acquiesance to the Israeli military occupation. Couldn't your action be taken to imply such recoguition? A.: The Jordanian authorities were consulted and had no objection to my landing at Qalendra. This is a working mission and this arrangement allows me to make the maximum use of the time available. It is

for purely technical reasons and no political implications whatsoever. In fact, Qalendia airport is usually used by the aircrafts of the U.N. peace-keeping forces. Furthermore, the U.N. has a long-standing presence in Jerusalem, symbolised by "Government House", which is the headquarters of U.N. peace-keeping operations.

In conclusion, Dr. Waldheim said: "I wish to take this opportunity to express my deep gratitude to His Majesty King Husseln for the kind and warm bospitality extended to me."

The talks we had were most constructive and informative. I have the highest regard for His Majesty and his wisdom as well as his statesmanship, which are so important in handling the many problems the international community is faced with

# before elections

"The U.N. is not considered by the government of Israel as mediate," Mr. Allon said at the end of a three-day visit to Brussels where he signed a new tra-

Mr. Allon repeated the Israeli view that the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) could not be included in a resumntion of the Geneva conferen-

"The PLO cannot be accepted as a party to the negotia-

Mr. Allon expressed fear that Arab governments were putting pressure on the nine-nation European Economic Community (EEC) to make a pro-Arab decaration concerning the Middle East conflict.

# Queen Alya killed in helicopter crash

AMMAN (Agencies). - Her Ma-jesty Queen Alya was killed Wednesday in an air crash in southwestern Jordan.

King Husseln announced the news himself in a radio and te-levision broadcast to the nation. The King said Queen Alya had flown to the city of Taffieh, southeast of the Dead Sea. On

and to put things right there.

The King's voice broke and he had tears in his eyes as he amounced the Queen's death. Following is the text of the

broadcast: "This morning my wife Alya read an appeal by a citizen in one of our newspapers in effect calling on the authorities to investigate conditions at a

hospital in that dear part of our nation, Tafileh,

the return fourney, her helico-pter was caught in a storm and crashed, killing all aboard.

When I went down to commence work and my round of meetings, I was handed a message from the woman I loved -- for she loved my country and my nation -- saying she was leaving for Tafileh and would be back in the evening.

That evening I was informed that her aircraft had been delayed, then that contact had been lost. Then I received the tragic news that Alya would not be coming back . . . For God -- His will be done -had called her to his side. The aircraft bearing her and her companions had crashed amidst the stormy weather and rain, of whose coming she had been so glad . . . for it was the harbinger of blessings to the land and the people. I was told that they had all

As I mourn Alya, the woman and the queen. my dear companion, I mourn her humane and noble character and her magnanimous heart.

For a span of my life Alya gave me a great deal; I found peace with her and the two of us embarked on a journey of true happiness. Our leve for you suffused us and service to the nation was our highest ideal.

Even though she has gone before me to the side of the Creator, she has left me with a treasure of living memories in Ali and Haiya, I pray to the Almighty at this moment that a measure of her spirit which I know so well will be instilled in them. that they may devote themselves to the service of our beloved nation with every atom of their being.

May the Lord bless you and keep you.

By Rami G. Khouri

Special to the Jordan Times

Jordan's five-year development

plan has warned that the con-

tinually contracting labour ma-

rket in Jordan threatens full

implementation of the plan, and has called for a major and

speedy government effort to

come up with a national labour

policy.
Professor Kamel Abu Jaber,
Fronto-

Dean of the Faculty of Econo-

mics and Commerce at the Un-

iversity of Jordan, told the Jordan Times in an interview

here this week that "the man-

power situation has emerged

as one of the major bottle-

necks to implementing the pro-

jects of the five-year plan, and

there is a clear and urgent

need for a national manpower

policy which will require a

tremendous amount of courage on the part of the government."

is in a race against time, a

race to develop economically and raise the standard of liv-

ing of the whole region. As

Jordan has traditionally been

a supplier of skilled manpower

to the Arab World, we are

now facing acute problems of

having enough skilled, trained

and even unskilled labour in

Jordan. We're beginning to

feel the labour shortage, and

this is also spilling over into

the brain drain' area, whereby

we also lose highly skilled and sophisticated people such

"It is time for the govern-

ment to tackle this problem

very quickly and come up with

a labour policy that covers the education, training, regulation and possibly even the move-

ment of the labour force in

Jordan I don't know what

as engineers and doctors.

The whole Middle East area

One of the architects of

It was also announced that Jordanian Health Minister, Dr. Mohammad Bashir, had died in

Also killed in the crash were Lt.-Col. Bader Thatha and Lt.-Col. (Dr.) Mohammad Al Khas.

Queen Alya will be laid to rest Thursday following the noon prayer.

The cabinet declared a week of national mouning starting The Royal Hashemite Court

will go into mourning for the traditional forty day period. Queen Alya, the King's third wife, was 28. They were married just over four years ago on Dec. 24, 1972. But the King had met the beautiful diplomat's daughter

when he was a student. Queen Alya was born in Cairo. She was only two years old when the King first visited her family's home in the Egyp-

tian capital. He was studying at Alexandria University.

The Queen's father served Jordan as amhassador in several world capitals, including London. The family came from

the West Bank. The King, now 41, and Queen Alya had two children, Princess Haiya who will be three in May and a son, Prince Ali, born

last year. King Hussein was first mar-ried in 1955. But he divorced Princess Dina Abdul Hamid, a distant cousin, two years later.

Then, in 1961, he married a
British girl, Antoinette Gardiner, daughter of a British military adviser in Amman. They

were divorced in 1972. When the King married Alya decision personal rather

for reasons of state.

The wedding ceremony was a quiet affair at the home of Alya's father, Mr. Bahauddin Toukan.

Guests remembered that it was a bitterly cold day, with the thermometer down to minus 5.5 degrees centigrade . . lowest for 50 years.

Dr. Kamel Abu Jaber says in interview

Jordan must form labour policies

before 5-year plan is jeopardised



Her Majesty the late Queen Alya

# Assad: W. European role

said today he would welcome the participation of West Germany and other European states in efforts to secure peace in the Middle East.

Presideot Assad told a press conference after three hours of talks with visiting West German Foreign Minister Hans-Dietrich-Genscher: "Western Europe plays a decisive role in our efforts to bring peace to the Middle East and I wo-

uld welcome the participation Syrian President Hafez Assad of West German and other European states in the Geneva discussions. President Assad said there

had been broad agreement in points discussed with Herr Genscher, who will also visit Jordan and Egypt nn his threenation tour. Herr Genscher tolo the pr-

ess conference that past experience made him recommend caution about enlarging the Geneva conference. But he said President Assad's remarks were a recognition of West German efforts to help achieve a sett-

West German officials said Herr Genscher had agreed with two main Syrian pre-condi-tions for a Middle East peace settlement - withdrawal of Israeli troops from all occupied Arab territories and recog nition of the national rights of the Palestinians.

But he had said the Palestinians must also recognise Israel's right to exist, the officials

Herr Genscher said be supported United States Middle East efforts which could be backed by European countries.

President Assad said peace was necessary but reaffirmed pre-conditions of an Israeli withdrawal from necupied Arab territories and recognition of the national rights of Palestinians.

President Assad said progress might be made, but be did not expect 1977 to be a year of peace in the Middle East. He said Israel had not given up its expansionist attitude.
The West German officials

said President Assad stressed the need to expand links between Syria and West Germany, Syria's biggest foreign trade partner. He thanked Herr Genscher

for the understanding he had shown for the Arab cause. Herr Genscher pledged more aid to Syria in know-how to help Syria sell more goods to West Germany. Syria has a deficit in its trade with West

Herr Genscher passed on an invitation from West German President Walter Scheel for President Assad to visit West

DAMASCUS, Feb. 9 (R). West German Foreign Minister Hans-Dietrich Genscher has cancelled his visit to Jordan because of the sudden death of Her Majesty Queen Alya, a spokesman for the minister's

tions Secretary General Kurt Waldheim tomorrow, said Israel could not accept the U.N. as a mediator.

an honest broker and cannot de agreement with the European Common Market

tions," he said.

The Euro-Arab dialogue should be limited to constructive economic cooperation, he said.

would be the exact components of such a policy, but it must be looked into, and the

sooner the better." Dr. Abu Jaber, who was a prominent member of the 10man committee that drew up the five-year plan, suggests that several bottlenecks have arisen during the first year (1976) of the plan, but that most of these have been overcome or have subsided by the-

He says: "It's too early for definitive assessments of the first year of the plan, especially because most of the projects in the plan are still in their initial stages. And in any case, we are not dealing only with a collection of specific projects, but with an integrated social and economic development plan whose initial successes or problems are difficult to assess. I think, rather, that we have some sort of 'feeling' about what has been achieved so far, and in this respect the major initial bottlenecks have been pretty much smoothed

Among these initial constraints, Dr. Abu Jaber mentioned the levelling-off of the inflationary pressures of the past two years, the end to the widespread speculative fever in the economy, and the worrying trend towards the continued speedy expansion of the services sector of the economy at the expense of more productive sectors such as industry, mining and manufacturing.

Among the healthy signs he notes is "the return to more reasonable investment pattems" by which domestic funds are being channelled into new and expanding industrial and manufacturing companies. Along with this, Dr. Abu Jaber notes with satisfaction the growing ability of the economy to depend upon, and achieve, local investments backed with local money. This indicates the beginning stages of one of the plan's aims, which is to decrease Jordan's dependence on foreign sources of finance, both for developmental purposes and for recurring expenses in the annual general budget.

The emergence of domestially-financed investments will ultimately mean more foreign exchange earnings from exports, and more domestic national income by taxation, employment and profitsharing, all of which will mean that Jordan will be able to depend more no internal sources of finance and less on foreign grants and Another major bottleneck in

the way of the execution of plan projects is "the apparent tardiness of implementing some necessary projects that are the vital infrastructural basis for other and later projects." By this, Dr. Abu Jaber explained, he means that the slow progress being made in setting up industrial parks and free zones throughout Jordan has certainly held up the implementation of many new projects. He

"Industrial zones are important if we wish to attract business here, both local and foreign businesses that wish to set up new factories. For an investor, industrial zones provide all the necessary services under one roof, such as water, transport, electricity, housing. It makes their work easier and cheaper, and it also helps the government in having better control over such things as in-

dustrial supervision, city plan-ning, the control of pollution and industrial wastes and an equitable distribution of industrial development, jobs and services throughout the country to break the pattern of an unhealthy concentration in the Amman area. Several industrial zones are supposed to be set up throughout the country, and this should be done as quickly as possible to speed up imple-mentation of other economic projects in the five-year plan."

Another bottleneck, Dr. Abu Jaber suggests, is "the tenden-cy to avoid responsibility." He says this is tied in with the urgent need to 'build new institutional structures in Jordan that are required to run the large projects that are being implemented during the fiveyear plan."

> with the labour situation. Dr. Abu Jaber explains: "For the first time ever in Jordan's history, the country is building huge projects such as the Aqaba fertiliser plant, the potash project and the expansion of the phosphate facilities. These cannot be routinely run as things here have always been run in the past. We can no longer have one-man operations to run these new large industries. What we require in Jordan today are new skills and new institutional structures. We need the people and the institutions to man and administer the projects we have planned for. Who is going to run these new industries when they are completed? For the next 10 or 20 or 50 years, Jor-

This is intimately tied in

ndous new skills in marketing, administration and engineering. (Continued on page 2)

dan will be in need of treme-

# JORDAN TIMES

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# The EEC is put to the test

The Euro-Arab dialogue resumes in Tunis today with a three-day meeting between members of the Arab League and the EEC states, and it is symbolic indeed that this happens while the German foreign minister is on a Middle East mission and the French foreign minister prepares to embark on a similar trip next week.

The Euro-Arab dialogue has been in progress formally since June 1975, and, because of European insistence, it has been confined to talks on economic and technical cooperation. Three weeks ago, the Arab states held a preparatory meeting in Cairo and declared in unambiguous terms that the Arabs would like to establish a "special relationship" with Europe if Europe is prepared to support the drive to find a Middle East peace settlement by pressing for and guaranteeing the national rights of the Palestinian people. The Europeans have steadfastly refused to talk politics in the dialogue, and the Arabs are at the point where they feel they must have some political response from Europe if these talks are seriously to continue. It is not out of the question, for example that a presistent European refusal to discuss political matters within the framework of the dialogue will force the Arabs to significantly downgrade the scope and tenor of the Euro-Arab dialogue, a move we think would be justified.

Ties between Europe and the Arab World have been increasing to the point that the Arabs have now replaced the United States as Europe's major trading partner, and they are the overwhelming source of Europe's oil supplies. This gives both sides a solid base upon which can be built mechanisms of deep and mutually advantageous long-term cooperation in economic and technical areas. This is likely to bappen whether or not the Europeans agree to the Arab demand to add a political flavour to the Euro-Arab dialogue. But it would help the Europeans, the Arabs and the search for a Middle East peace if the EEC states would take a more active role in focusing world attention on the essential requirements for peace in the Middle East. This, as the EEC has declared already, means a withdrawal of Israel from the occupied Arab lands and a recognition of Palestinian rights. We assume that the German and French foreign ministers will look into these points during their trips this month, and that the Arabs at Tunis this week will press the EEC on the same point.

Is it therefore surprising to anyone that while the Arabs and the Europeans are moving ahead cautiously in their endeavour to build strong ties and help bring peace to the Middle East, the Israeli Foreign Minister Mr. Allon, in the span of three days this week, declares that there is no role for the Europeans in the search for a Middle East peace and "warns" EEC states not to become involved in political matters in the Middle East through the Euro-Arab dialo-

Israel has spoken. It now remains to be seen whether Brussels will be humiliated by the Israelis as Washington has long been.



# Jordan must form labour policies before 5-year plan is jeopardised

(Continued from page 1)
We will require precise job
descriptions, a division of responsibility, centralised planning but decentralised responsi-hility and many new institutio-nal methodologies.

"The tendency to avoid responsibility has been a clear bottleneck, and we require institutional frameworks that make execution and follow-up easier and better. We have to be sure there are no more of the overlapping responsibilities that have made it difficult up till now even to ascertain peunified execution and followup procedures and authorities, and we could investigate the idea of having a follow-up authority completely separate from the planning and financing units in the country.

"The success of our five-year plan to a large extent hinges on 10 or 15 very large projects. These cannot be left

Looking back to 1975, when the five-year plan was being studied and compiled, Dr. Abu Jaber says that at that time the main concern of the Jordanian government was sources of finance for the new plan's many projects "This has been very well covered now," Dr. Abu Jaher says, "but at that time we did not foresee the

problem of human resources being as acute as it is." He also said that one of the main pillars of the state's developmental "pbilosophy" has been a beavy reliance on the private sector to initiate, finance, set up and run new comuntry. He says the private sec-tor in 1976 has "exceeded all expectations" in its positive response to the state's overall planning objectives. He also suggests that the latest trend of heavy local investments in the equity capital of new or expanding companies is a healthy sign of both long-term investor confidence and the ava-

ilability of local private funds. Continuing on the state's "philosophical" approach to de-

velopment, Dr. Abu Jaber says that Jordan has consciously. chosen "the moderate middle road between classic capitalism and classic socialism. We have, in Jordan, a basic free enterprise system with government direction, rather than government direction, rather than government control, of certain sectors of the economy. The state depends heavily on the participation of the private sector, and it geoerally only steps in to do those jobs that are socially necessary and economically unattractive to the private sector such as building private sector, such as building ports and ports. These have a social value, but no economic profitability."

"The government will step and partly finance projects that are too hig or too costly for the private sector alone (such as the phosphate company or the new phosphate-based chemical fertiliser plant at Aqaba), and it will also seek to create the proper invest-ment climate for hotb local and foreign businessmen.

# Third Circle Phantasmic By Omar Jawa

# Games we can play

I have been following the various Middle East peace-making efforts very closely for the past few months, and it seems to me that we past few months, and it seems to me that we are stuck on a very serious problem of how the Palestinians will be represented at the Geneva peace talks. This appears to be the real dilemma facing all the peace envoys who pass through the region, and so I have decided that it is everybody's responsibility to humanity to help the search for peace along by tackling this very difficult publism. After weeks of this very difficult problem. After weeks of thought on the matter. I have, as usual, come up with what I think is a very sensible sug-

It seems to me that we are stuck on the Geneva talks question because we have been dealing with it in far too serious a manner. dealing with it in far too serious a manner. The world, after all, pretty much runs on chance, good or ill fortune, and luck. Much as we try to organise our affairs in a logical manner, the great events of history always seem to be the result of lucky timing, an opportune meeting or just bountiful spin of the

So I have come to the conclusion that we should look at the Geneval talks in the same manner, and perhaps then we will meet with some success. After all, we haven't made much progress in the past few years, so we really can't lose much by trying something new, can

My suggestion is hased on the idea that we should inject a large dose of chance into the Geneva talks. We can do this hy having all the interested parties actually going to Geoeva, but we keep them in the dark about what they will actually do when they get

there.

If we look closely at what is happening in Geneva in terms of international peace-seeking dialogues, we find that there are no less than three full conference taking place simultaneously, on the Middle East, Rhodesia and UNCTAD. I suggest that we set up a whole new international negotiating structure in the form of a simulated television game show called Pick-Your-Parley! The idea is that all the negotiating teams (Israel, the PLO, Syria, Jordan, Egypt, lan Smith's government, the Patriotic Front, the EEC,the OCED, OPEC, a few industrial countries and a few Third World countries) would be invited to Geneva for negotiations. When they get there, each, in their hotel rooms, would plck a number from one to twenty, and according to what number they draw they would have to take part in one of the conferences at Geneva.

The element of chance immediately comes

The element of chance immediately comes into play here as follows. When the numbers are drawn and the negotiating teams are chosen, the negotiators would not be allowed to see each other, but rather would deal with one another via a shuttling intermediary (the intermediary could be a rotund Geneva hus driver with a German accent, wide-striped ties and a Henry Kissinger mask). So there

could be little room for bluffing, because intermediary, when he takes one side's writ proposals, delivers them to the other negot ing team without saying who they came for By such a process, all sides will be encourato bargain in good faith because they condo away with the normal face-to-face big and assumption of stiff bargaining priors that have caused all former peace-minimum. ing attempts to break down.

The role of the mediator is the key to s cess. The mediator would only allow match-up of serious proposals, and would allow the circulation of ideas that are cintended as extreme bargaining positions, players would not know this, of course, they would come the mediator of course, they would come up with the usual mi bag of good and bad suggestions, but only good ones would pass through, and thus chances of success would be significantly

If the mediator finds that nobody is ing up with any serious ideas, he can re-all proposals, adjourn the conferences hold a series of private consultations with the teams. This would probably be required any case to allow advertising hreaks; when the game actually starts being shared to the starts being shared to th on television.

on television.

The beauty of Pick-Your-Parley! is the troduction into the negotiating process of unknown — the element of chance, for and serendipity. When someone puts for a proposal, they have no idea whether it reach the right negotiating partner or not pairing-off hy choosing numbers is only intended to produce pairs of negotiators, and provide the neat symmetry that the Swiss sist upon for negotiations in their country.

To make the game more exciting to could be innovations such as Chance Call a deadlock appears to be in the making mediator can ask one of the teams to plant. Chance Card, which would allow such opt as sending a U.N. fact-finding mission to area, calling an emergency meeting of the curity Council or organising some domi

riots to speed things up.

Another incentive would be the Peer Boo. If the mediator thinks one team as a cially cooperative in offering meaningful posals, he could allow them a Peek-A-Boo. team would be allowed a 30-second glimps all the other teams' written proposals, the giving it an immeasurable advantage in negotiating process. This would be such a rong incentive that it would simultaneoun encourage everyone to put forward real

ideas.

The game can be refined as it progres of course, but I think these suggestions help achieve a hreakthrough in the var negotiations that all seem to be stalled. Geneva. After all, if everybody is pla games anyway, why not institutionalise game-playing and allow the process a chance to succeed?

'The state has sought to to develop an integrated approach and philosophy to the whole fabric of our society, and the planning function has always kept as its ultimate aim the uplifting of the individual buuplifting of the individual bu-man being. That's always our basic and major aim. Like the other states in the Middle East, we want to lift the stand-ard of living of the population, to achieve a certain measure of social justice and social eq-pity, and to redistribute the uity, and to redistribute the wealth in a manner that helps social and economic develop-

But we know that we in Jordan are not operating in a vacuum, and that we are very much interrelated to neighbouring countries in the Middle East. Though our one major economic aim is ultimate selfreliance on our own resources, we have to come up with our economic development plans after taking into account the pulls and stresses all around

"For example, it is clear that

a source of services for the Middle East region, and we have always been a supplier of manpower. So when we plan our educational programmes, we have to keep this in mind, whether we like it or not. We notice, for another example, that our roads and port are a transit route for other are a transit route for other Arab countries, so we go about developing our highways, railways and port systems with this in mind. We are making a conscious effort now to develop our industries and over velop our industries and overall economy by exploiting those raw materials and natural re-

Jordan has been developing as

sources that we have in Jordan, such as minerals or agriculture, hut we obviously have to do this with one eye on markets in the Middle East. or even South Asia and East Africa. Because Jordan Itself is such a small market, some investors have tended to look elsewhere, or have only started small-scale manufacturing pla-nts or industries bere. This bas resulted in the proliferation of

small-sized factories in Jordan.

But if we make a big eff strengthen our interdepen with Arah money and me we will be able to con with large-sacle plants s a regional market and ev international export mar

"This can also be do strengthening ties betwoparate sectors in Jordan as agriculture and industrialise out and rail produce business and ger scale than it is at produce the state of the scale than it is at produce the scale that the s Another idea we have en ed upon is that Jordan c alistically become the 3 large-scale chemical fer fertilisers.

"The success of the five plan depends beavily on ... ing financial assistance friendly governments and and international develofunds, and this has been ed so far. With the res from the Jordanian priva ctor, we have been su ful here than we had a ated. This is a sign of dence in the country as economic prospects.

# ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY

Two of the Jordanian dailies commented once again Wednesday on the Geneva Middle East peace conference, while the third discusesd the Middle East tour by West Germany's Foreign Minister Hans-Dietrich

AL RA'I, commenting on King Hussein's repeated warnings to the Arabs not to place too high a hope on the Geneva conference, says that His Majesty's factual warnings, based on re-cent Israeli declarations stressing that the conference is not the suitable or appropriate means by which peace can be achieved, aim to put the Arah world on guard.

The Arab peace offensive ai-mcd at reconvening the Geneva conference, the paper says, should not let the Arabs fall into a deceptive state of tranquility, which Israel wants. If the Geneva conference fails, they will find themselves fac-ing hitter reality with political extremism as their only afternative, from which Israel will henefit.

The Arah peace offensive also should not create the impression in international circles that the road to peace is long. This is not so, the paper says. but for Israeli intransigeance. AL SHA'B, taking up the sa-

me subject, says: On the last leg of his tour -- that is Israel - - Dr. Kurt Waldheim will hear opposite viewpoints to what he has heard in the Arab countries. This will most probably ohlige him to sbuttle between Mideast capitals to try to reconcile these viewpoints.

Dr. Waldheim will see firsthand the Israeli violation of all U.N. resolutions and he will be faced during his visit to Israel

is the cause for the continued state of insecurity in the area. We ask the U.N. secretary general, therefore, to point out the party which has been and is still opposing U.N. resolu-tions and peace, for the Arabs, ooce they realise the failure of the present peace efforts, shall be obliged to look elsewhere, beyond Geneva and even the United Nations, for means to enable them to recover their

with its intransigeance, which

AL DUSTOUR, discussing the Middle East tour by West Ger-man Foreign Minister Genscher says: The purpose of the visit is not clear yet. It is not clear whether he is carrying a new European peace initiative or just going around to reaffirm the declaration on the Middle East which the European Ecocomic Community countries adopted after the 1973 Arab-

Israeli war. This declaration helped end the Arab oil boycott of Europe and to launch the Euro-Arab dialogue. A reaffirmation of this declaration or the endorsement of the Geneva conference are no longer sufficient to exonerate Europe from its responsibility as regards the Middle East conflict, the paper

Europe should adopt a more positive attitude in the light of its membersnip in NATŌ. It. should use its influence to con-vince the U.S. to check Israeli intransigeance, which obstructs any permanent and just peace in the area.

Europe is requested to act, if possible outside the U.S. political umbrella, as an independent political force which the U.S. cannot ignore.

# RADIO JORDAN

17:00

17:30

7:30 7:40 Pop session News report 18:00 News summary 8:00 12:00 Sign off Pop session 18:05 Pop session 18:15 Catch the words (re-13:00 News summary Pop session My kind of music (re-18:30 14:00 Radio magazine 14:10 peat) Arabs in history 19:00 News 14:30 19:10 1*5*:00 Coocert hour Old favourites

### JORDAN TELEVISION

(On 856 KHZ)

Morning melodies

7:00

Children's programme 6:05 English by television Young Dr. Kildare News in Arabic

Channel 3: Science and life Arabic series

·Ahmad Al Saad

Amman

News reports 19:30

Easy listening Good vibrati

peat)

vibrations

9:20 Quiz programme 10:00 Play

7:30 News in Hehrew

7:45 Varieties 8:30 A Swede in Paris 9:10 The Quest . 10:00 News in English 10:15 Crown Court

# **EMERGENCIES**

Taxis:

Jacoh (44945) Doctors : Raghdan (24771) irbid : Fawzi Nino (38198) Salman Dabouni (21334) Al Razi Zarqa: Amin Abu Ideh Mustapha Hijjawi Dalai Tario

Pharmacies : Rainbow (37249) Ahli (21127) Talal (25021) Yussef (51822) Al Hussein Youth Issaaf (30210) City (63273)

# AMMAN AIRPORT

### Arrivals : 19.40 Beirut (MEA) 8:00 Cairo (EA)

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUI

8:30 Bangkok, Bahrain 8:40 Dhahran, Kuwait 8:50 Baghdad

10:30 Beirut 11:25 Rawalpindi (BA)

Kuwait (KAC) 16:00 17:00 Cairo

Copenhageo, Vienna Amsterdam, Athens

20:20 Riyadh (SDI) Departures

6:10 Damascus, Munich, Frankfurt (Lufthansa)

8:00 Beirut 8:45 Beirut (MEA) 10:00 Athens, Madrid

10:30 12:10 London (BA) 12:30 Rome, Paris

16:45 Kuwait (KAC) 21:30 Riyadh, Dhahran (SDI)

### **USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS**

Ambulance (government) ..... Civil defence rescue ..... Fire beadquarters First aid, fire, police ..... Jordan Electric Power Co. (emergency) ..... Municipal water service (emergency) ...... Police headquarters ..... Najdeh, roving patrol rescue police, (English

Cultural Centres American Centre (USIS) Pritish Council French Cultural Centre Goethe Institute ..... Soviet Cultural Centre ..... Amman Municipal Library .....

spoken) 24 hours a day for emergency belp

### **VOICE OF AMERICA**

The Breakfast Show 03:00 03:00, 04:00, 05:00 and 06:00 GMT : News, Regional and Topical 19:00 Reports, VOA Current News Summary. 03:30, 04:30 and 05:30 GMT: 19:30 An informal presentation of popular music with feature reports and 20:00 interviews, answers to 20:15 listeners' questions, Sci- 21:00 ence Digest. News Roundup, Reports,

Special English. News,

Dateline -

VOA Magazine, Am cana, Science, Cultu Letters. Special English. Net Music USA (Jazz). VOA World Repor News voices correspondents repo

Feature : Science in

News, News Summer Now Music USA

News Roundup, Repo

Actualities, Opinion,

Actualities, Opinion, An- 21:30 alyses. News Summary ... background featu ... media comme news analyses

### **BBC RADIO**

22:25

22:35

GMT		
05:00	News; 24 hours	13:30
05:30	Sarah Ward	13:45
05:45		14:30
06:00	News: Press Review	15-00
06:30	An Anthology of Bri-	15:15
	tish Choirs	16:00
07:00	News; 24 hours	16:15
07:30	Sarah Ward	16:45
07:45	Alooe I did it	17:00
08:00	News	17:09
08:15	International Soccer	17:40
	Special	17:45
08:30	Farming World	18:00
09:00	News, UK Press Review	10.00
09:15		
09:30	Financial News	19:00
09:45		19:42
10:15		19:45
10:30	Wales 77	20:00
	Just a minute	20:30
11:00	News	21:15
11:15	Money, Money, Money	21:30
11:30	Twenty-five years a	21:45
	Queen	22:00

Radio Newsreel

Sports Round-up

News; 24 hours

Top Twenty

12:00

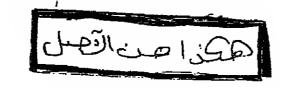
12:15

13:00

**Paperbacks** Radio Theatre Matthew on Music Radio Newsreel Outlook News: Commentary Come to the Opere The World Today People and Politic Book Choice Sports Round-up News;Radio Newsreel Take It or Leave It

News, Outlook Stock Market . Beat is Black World News; 24 A Jolly Good Show People and Politics The King's Singers

Paperbacks. News, The World Tod Financial News The Melody Makers Sports Round-up News; Commentary



### Nahar's Ghassan

# 0,000 Lebanese deaths nust create new history

cially concerning Geneva.

J.T.: Did you discuss with

H.M. the steps now being

taken towards unity bet-

ween Syria and Jordan,

and the important conse-

Lebanon.

quences of this unity for

G.T.: What H.M. said is his

privilege. I can only say thet

H.M. is fully aware of the Le-

banese question. And he is really moved by a genuine love for

Ghassan Tueini: Event-maker.

As for Syrian-Jordanian uni-ty, the impression I bave is

that H.M. is keen that the logic

of history should follow its nor-

mal and natural course and that

we should pave the way for it by carefully studied steps, even

mour of hasty achievements,

such as has happened before in

previous experiments in Arab

J.T.: The press has written

that you have been asked

by the Arab League to go

to the U.S. on an informa-

an information mission. The

fact is that the Secretary Ge-

neral of the Arab League, Mr. Mahmoud Riad, asked me whe-

ther I could go to Washington

G.T.: I think you can call it

tion mission?

at Spice on

we should sacrifice the gla-

By Irene Ramadan

hassan Tueini is a big name in the Lebanese and rab press world. Mr. Tueini is also a politician and r-minister. The newspaper Al Nahar, which he puishes, has a distinctive character of its own and has en an even-maker during the last two decades. Mr. neini met the Jordan Times Tuesday on a brief stoper in Amman from Cairo before going on to Beirut id then Paris, where he is in a kind of self-exile.

: Now that the battle into any overoptimism, espestopped, how do you erstand the new Lebae reality?

T.: There will not be a soin to the Middle East prore Palestinian problem.

will be impossible to realifinal arrangement between Lebanese as long as we do know what Palestine we going to have, what is the of the Palestinians, what ie dimension of the revoluand its future and what is future of war and peace in area... It is all of this that Lebanese differ about.

econdly, what we have gone ugh in Lebanon is a cataim of an order and a maude such as will necessarily duce structural as well as mic changes. Geography will acquire a geo-political ortance. Sixty thousand peoing a new history.

ence all talk about a return the past or a mere superfipolitical reform is unreac and utterly nonsensical. re can never be a new Leon without a national dialonamely a free search for ational consensus through · ree exchange of views and -ebate on what the new Leon should be. This cannot done without much historisoul-searching.

... You have just come m the Royal Cabinet, wing met His Majesty. ng Hussein. What were ur impressions of this eting?

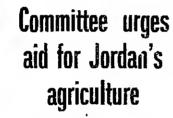
> ssed by H.M.'s acute percep-n of present realities and by evaluation of the chances of ice as well as his dedication the Arab cause.

was particularly impressed his realism and his concern it we should not be drawn

on a two-month mission as his personal representative in view of what is and will be taking place in Washington. I have accepted in principle, but I have reserved my final answer until I return to Beirut and have consulted the president of the republic and my various

J.T.: Some press reporters have said that you are now a self-exiled editor after censorship was imposed on Al Nahar and the Lebanese press a month ago. And to support this, the Washington Post and the Guardian published your picture arriving at Paris airport with your son. Is it true that you are self-exiled?

G.T.: The fact is that very little is left for an editor to do, when the censor aims to replace him. It is true that I am now in Paris, but I do not see myself as an emigrée. And I see no substitute for Al Nahar, with or without censorship. What we are contemplating doing in Paris is to publish a weekly edition of Al Nahar on Arab and diplomatic affairs. But this is an old project which we are now carrying out. We founded a French company -sometime ago and well before censorship was established --called Al Nahar International Publications, which is going to publish the weekly edition and which will carry out other pro-



DAMASCUS (JNA). — The Joint Syrian-Jordanian Comm-ittee for Agricultural Planning and Statistics recommended at the end of its meeting here Wednesday the necessity for Syria to expand production of potato seeds in order to meet Jordan's need for this item. which is presently being imp-

The committee also recommended the expansion of the agricultural tractor factory in Syria to meet Jordan's for these machines, which are also being imported. It further called for a study to be made into ways of ensuring the two countries needs in fertilisers.



Francis Blanchard, Director General of the ILO, at his office Wednesday. Also present are Labour Minister Issam Ajfount (centre on couch) and H.O deputy head Saleh Burqan, sitting to his right. (JNA photo).

# Jordan, Syria press bodies sign accord

DAMASCUS (JNA). - The Jordanian Press Association and tbe Syrian Press Union .Wednesday signed a cooperation agreement under which both sides will facilitate and encou-rage the exchange of news and press expertise.

The accord, signed here, covers the exchange by the two countries of information, press delegations, editors and reporters and expertise in the printing field, in addition to informing each side of press regula-tions in the two countries.

The agreement stipulates that the two press bodies should unify their stands on questions to be discussed at Arab or international conferences, and ensure the transport of newspapers either free of charge or at nominal rates by the airline companies of the two countries In order to encourage distribution of their newspapers in the

### **PALESTINIAN** DELEGATION MEETS DR. WALDHEIM

AMMAN (JNA). - A delegation representing Palestinian refu-gee camps Wednesday submitted a memorandum to U.N. Se-

### WALDHEIM VISITS VOCATIONAL CENTRE

AMMAN (JNA). - U.N. Secretary General Kurt Woldheim and his accompanying delegotion Wednesday afternoon paid o visit to Wadi Seer Vocational Centre, which is part of the operations of the United Notions Relief and Works Agency

(UNRWA) in Jordan. He was briefed by the principol on the activities and the services provided by the centre to Palestinian refugee students.

Dr. Waldheim was also occompanied by Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Hassan 1b-

# **Broadcasting Union** continues discussions

AQABA (JNA). — The European Broadcasting Union Wednesday resumed its meetings here. During its morning and afternoon sessions, the union discussed the low-rate fees for using satellites in news exchange and the establishment of new links connecting the members of the union to facilitate information exchange.

Jordan, in its capacity as a working member of the union, will be in continual contact with the union H.Q. in Geneva through a direct telephone link.

The members of the union praised existing cooperation bet-ween the European and the Arab broadcasting unions, with Jordan linking the two.

The conferees also discussed the participation of the union in the working seminar to be held in Cairo in mid-1977 to discuss the possibility of reaching better cooperation among different world television corporations.

The discussions also touched upon the subject of voca-tional training for people working in the television field.

cretary General Dr. Kurt Waldheim explaining the conditions in which the refugees are living and expressing their hopes that the U.N. and its secretary ge-

Dr. Waldheim explained to the delegation that the aim of his present trip was to try to reconvene the Geneva confer-ence, which might lead to a peaceful and just solution, taking into account the interests of all parties concerned, inclu-

The meeting was attended by

neral will achieve peace in the Middle East.

ding the Palestinians.

Jordan's Permanent Representative to the United Nations, Dr. Hazem Nuseibeb and the Uider Secretary at the Ministry of Development and Reconstruction, Mr. Abdul Rahim Jarrar.

ess Crown Prince Hassan in his office. They were also received by Prime Minister Mudar Badran, when the organi-sation's work and activities

Mr. Blanchard the ILO's role in providing aid to Jordan as part of its development programme. particularly for the labour sec-

an's labour sector.

# NATIONAL NOTES

AMMAN. - Minister of Industry and Commerce Naimeddin Dajani will leave bere for Cairo Sunday to lead Jordan's delega-tioo to meetings of the joint Jordanian-Egyptian trade committee which will begin Monday. During the meeting a trade protocol for this year will be signed between the two countries.

\* AMMAN. — The Jordanian government has received an invita-tion from the U.S. to participate at the 48th conference of the American Space Medicine Society, due to be beld in Las Vegas in May. The conference will discuss a number of topics related to

# Jordan may receive **ILO** financial

Head of labour body

AMMAN (JNA). - The Director General of the Internatinnal Labour Organisation (ILO) Mr. Francis Blanchard stated bere Wednesday that he will discuss labour problems with Jordanian officials, which may lead to financial aid for Jordan from the ILO.

On his arrival on a four-day visit, he told reporters that his discussions will also include means of bolstering and developing the labour movement in Jordan and solving its proble-

Jordan, he added, has been an active member of the ILO for many years and is bound to have faced labour problems which "I am happy to discuss, so that we can find the necessary solutions, which may in-clude financial aid to Jordan."

Later, Mr. Blanchard and the accompanying delegation were received by His Highn-

The Minister of Labour, Mr. Issam Ajlouni, discussed with

Official talks will begin Thursday at the Ministry of Labour cooperation ILO assistance and development of Jord-

Jordan will be represented by

\* AQABA. - The Minister of Information, Mr. Adnan Abu Odeh, Tuesday evening gave a dinner party in honour of the member delegates at the European Broadcasting Union conference taking

\* AMMAN. - The Minister of State for Foreign Affairs, Mr. Hassan Ibrahlm Wednesday received individually the ambassadors of Babrain, the Soviet Union and Denmark in his office in Amman. The three ambassadors were also received by the Acting Secretary General of the Foreign Ministry, Mr. Zaki Al Quss. us.

aviation and deep sea medicine.

team from the Ministry of Labour, the General Labour Union and businessmen, and the ILO by Mr. Blanchard and the accompanying delegation which includes the Assistant Director General of the ILO Dr. Saleh Burgan, Mr. Blanchard's office manager and the information chief at the labour office, Mr. Sbukri Al Dajani.

Later in the evening, Mr. Ajlouni accompanied Mr. Blanchard and his party on a visit to the Royal Scientific Society (RSS), where the Direc-tor General, Dr. Albert Butros, explained the role of the RSS in the fields of vocational training and service to local industries. Mr. Blanchard expressed his wish to establish cooperation between the ILO and RSS.

The ILO chief also visited the Hotel Training Centre and locked over its various activities in preparing personnel for work in hotels and restaurants in accordance with modern touristic concepts.

# **Exchange Rates**

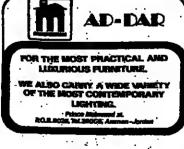
Following are the official exchange rates in effect at the start of today's business day, as set by the Central Bank of

The first column is how much you would receive in Jordanian fils for selling a unit of the foreign currency, while the second column denotes how much it would cost you to buy a unit of the foreign currency :

U.K. sterling U.S. dollar 333.0 138.3 335.0 German mark 138.7 French franc 67.5 wiss franc Italian lira (for every 100) Saudi riyal 94.6 Lebanese pound 107.5 94,9 108.1 82,1 Syrian pound 81.6 lraqi dinar 948.0 Kuwaiti dinar 1.147 1,152 Egyptian pound 475.0 483.0 752.0 86.0 Libvan dinar 740.0 85.1 UAE dirham

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# Lagos cleans reself up for African culture bonanza

TO CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF

After several postponements and years of preparation Nigeria is staging the vast Second World Festival of Black and African Arts and Culture. The first was in Senegal in 1966. For Nigeria the festival became a test of what the country could do in spite of huge odds. The capital, Lagos, where most of the events are being held, is a city that has run out of space and is bulging with people and traffic. Nigeria has taken up the challenge and won through.

### By Gerd Meuer

LAGOS (Gemini) — The Second World Black and African Festival of Arts and Culture -- FESTAC 1977 for sbort -- is not just a big show trying to portray the values of black and African arts and culture. It is a mighty challenge for Nigeria, a sort of test of what this country can do in spite of enormous odds.

It is a test that is going to be used as a measuring stick for future efforts and projects once the book has been closed on it this week. So far the month-long festival is a sucCentre of all the activity is Nigeria's bustling capital city of Lagos. More than 750 kms. away to the north, in Kaduna, other events are taking place.

Lagos has always suffered from its founders' orginal sin, being situated on a small island, surrounded by sea and swamps. The sin was compounded by the former colonial masters, who did little to give the city a modern structure.

Already in British times the city spread to other islands and to the mainland. But there, too, due to the accidents of geography, space is a rare commodity.

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Lagos has always been a big city, but since the oil boom started in the early seventies it has been exploding.

Guesses are that it has between three and four million inhabitants, and it is growing daily, for it is here the action is, in government and in private business.

The result is that all parts of Lagos, apart from the golden ghettoes of Ikoyi and Victoria Island, are hopelessly overcrowded. There are not enough roads and there is hardly a sewage system to speak of. Although a building boom is on and land developers are getting rich overnight, there is a buge shortage of housing, with fantastic rents being asked for and paid. But because of the building boom, the National Electric Power Authority (NEPA) -- cynical Nigerians call it "never elec-tric power again" -- and the simply

And the telephone system is just abominable as the many and very lively Nigerian dailies and weeklies never tire of pointing out.

But all this is only part of the image of the city. A more apt description is that coined by one of Nigeria's best-known journalists -- "dynamic chaos". How dynamic Lagos is is being shown again in these days of FESTAC 1977.

For FESTAC has been put on top of all city's other problems. Postponed for political reasons several times, the festival is now running with 10,000 performing artists, scholars and reporters adding to all the other problems.

Immense difficulties have been encountered in getting the theatres and stadiums rea-

NIGERIA: FESTAC '77 Chad Niger Sokoto Maiduguri Kano Kaduna Jos florin Cameroon ibadan LAGOS Enugu Benin Owerri

dy for the big occasion, in arraoging a programme for the hundreds of national dance and music groups coming from all over Africa and the black communities in Europe and North and South America, and in housing, transporting and feedlog participants and visi-

But when the opening date arrived, the venues for the shows were all ready, the programme worked out by computer was ready, and so was the huge festival village oo the Badagry highway, which after the festival will be bousing tens of thousands of people who applied for ooe of the houses or flats in a special

And the face of Lagos bas sands been changed: The building of roads,

a huge ring road at a cost of 300 million naira (£400 million) proceeded with astonishing speed, the building sites lit up all night long, with work going on 24 hours a day.

National Theatre, Lagos

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The German construction company Julius Berger, by now a household name in Nigeria, employed large labour forces to do smaller roadworks all over Lagos, filling tens of thousands of potholes, tarring dirt roads, making roundabouts

smaller so that the traffic would move faster.

Almost overnight new roads were built where rows of old houses used to be: huge parking lots were built along the Marina. In a few weeks Lagos seemed to make more progress than in years.

The governor ordered that from the second week of January vehicles with registration numbers beginning with even numbers would not ply certain roads in Lagos Island and the mainland on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays from 5 a.m. to 6 p.m. Vehicles with odd numbers would not be allowed to do so on the remaining days of the week.

It was a radical measure that was bound to create added problems, especially for workers returning from work in already overcrowded company buses and taxis. But short of seeing Lagos traffic break down during the festival, it seemed the only possible solution.

At the same time the government issued an order to curb people's habit of offloading rubbish into the streets. The problem, however, remains: Where should housewives and traders unload their rubbish? Collecting places are far too few; the city refuse collection service can hardly cope and new 35 million naira (£45 million) rubbish incinerators just ordered will not be operating for another two years.

But at least a start has been made and Nigerians bope the spirit will survive FESTAC. Already Lagos looks much cleaner than only a few weeks ago.

One anxiety during the festival has been whether the waterworks and the National Electric Power Authorities would let Nigeria down. So serious were the fears that the archbishop of Lagos offered prayers that the electricity men would not fail the nation. With the blessing of God, and especially of Ogun, Shango and the other deities of the Vorubar people, who constitute the large majority of Lagos inhabitants, the festival should still

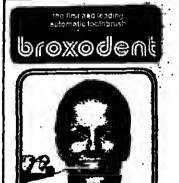
prove the success everybod has hoped for.

Kaduna, the formes capita of the former northern regio is quite different. Situated o the flat savanna, and laid of in orderly fashion as a Britis colonial town, it does not have one-third of Lagos' problems.

Yet the coming of 3,00 horse-riders from all over the north, with their relatives an friends, did constitute a problem. The government and the army, already experienced is arranging the yearly mammof had trips for nearly 100,00 people, built a special Durbs village where all the people and their animals have bee housed and fed. The new Dubar Hotel and the extendance course stadium were finished in time.

The only remaining prolem was, as in Lagos, commnication.

Workers were enjoined meto let down Nigeria at a mement when it feels the eyes all Africa are on it.



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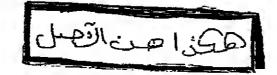
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IRANT ETIG

A FINE WOS

West started by cashing his two diamonds and, from the fall of the cards, it was st vulnerable. North obvious that South had also started with a doubleton diamond. It was equally certain. considering the bidding, that East could contribute

> nothing of value to the de fense. The ace of spades would be the defenders' third trick. If there was a setting trick it would have to come from West's length in

Therefore, the winning defense was not difficult to spot. West continued with a third round of diamonds. giving declarer a useless ruff-sluff. Since declarer could not afford to ruff with the jack of spadea for fear of promoting a second trump trick for the defenders, he ruffed in his hand with a either of the de- low trump and led a spade to holds trump length, the jack. West grabbed the ally sound tactics to ace and cootinued with a arer's trump hold- fourth diamond. Declarer r pressure by forc- was again forced to ruff in bis band, and now West had At the sto make after his Eventually West got to ruff copeoed the bidding declarer's third club with his spade. While some seven of trumps to complete

could convey a poor winning defense, for he was th a long club suit staring at long trumps. Howiding clubs at his ever, the same defense
idiortunity. However, would have been appropriate
inth made a jump rehad West held a singleton
pades, North's over-trump. He should then place es and the fact that his partner with trump leton spade was an length and defend in the ustified a raise to same way with the hope of promoting a long trump in his partner a hand.

> THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Henri Amold and Bob Lee

HOW THE ANIMAL

BREEDER ACCUMULATED HIS WEALTH.

Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as sug-gested by the above cartoon.

# HE PAGE FIVE FEATURE PHOTO



BIG JIM -- This atmospheric diving suit came in handy recently when a new electrical connector underwent o series of proving trials ot an admiralty testing station in southern England. The new electrical connector can be plugged and unplugged underwater while live and has been tested and proved for use ot depths of 460 metres. The diving suits, which ore basically pressure vessels with articulated orms and legs, have completed strain gauge testing to the equiva-lent of o 610 metres dive. The suits con be fitted with various types of manipulo-tors and can be used for attaching hydroulic connections, removing debris and many other similar tasks associated with offshore dril-

.HALLO! IS THIS 67171-2-3-41 I'D LIKE TO RESERVE A SPACE FOR AN AD IN THE JORDAN TIMES

YOUNG DR. KILDARE :

NATURE OF THE BEAST

Dr. Kildare in vain tries to convince famous writer to abstain from drinking and save his life.

THE OUEST:

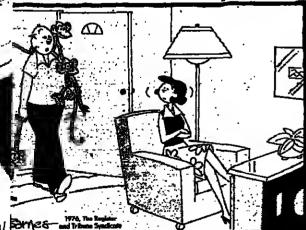
PRAIRIE WOMAN

The Bodin brothers stalk escaped prisoner who, they have been told, knows the whereabouts of their sister.

MAKE THE JORDAN TIMES WORK FOR YOU An advertisement in the Jordan Times will be seen

by some 10,000 people in Jordan, Syria and Lebanon. Don't you have anything to say to them? To spread your word, contact the Jordan Times advertising department by phone at 67171, or in person at the Jordan Times - Al Ra'i building, on University

By Barnes



BETTER HALF

Jumbles: FAIRY NOTCH DECODE MODIFY

Answer: What candidates for office are, right from the start—at least we hope—"CANDID"

just some girl working her way through col-

### **APOLOGY**

Jordan Times apologises for the non-appearof the daily crossword. Our stocks have ally run dry, and in the meantime we're iting our next batch from our suppliers in U.S. We shall resume publication as soon as umanly possible.

# CHINESE RESTAURANT

First Chinese restaurant in

Jordan. First Circle, Jabal Amman, near the Ahliyah School or CMS. Tel. 38968. Open daily from noon to 3:30 p.m. and 6:30 p.m. to midnight.

Also take home service-order by phone.

Luncheon 1-3 p.m. Special First Circle, Jahai Ammai International Buffet on Sun-Tel. 25592. days. Dinner with live music

from 7 p.m. to midnight. For Open from 7 a.m. to 1 a.m. reservation please call 41361 Restaurant, coffee-shop, snack bar end patisserie. Oriental and European specialties.

ext. 5.

HE CROWN ROTISSERII

Hotel Jordan lotercontinental. Open daily for Executive

Regiaurants for broasted hicken and light snacks. Take home, lunch or dinner, Jabal Amman, First Circle. Tel. 21083. Jabal Al Luwelbdeb, Hawuz Circle, Tel. 30646 Jabai Al Hussein, neer Jerusalem Cinema. Tel. 21781. Also in Zarke and Irbed.

# BUITE STEAMERS

Firss Wings Hotel, Jabal Al Luwelbdeh. Tel. 22103/4. Choice of THREE set menus daily for lunch, and a la carte. Open 12-3 p.m. and 7-12 p.m. Specialty: steaks.

For advertising in above columns contact "Sout Wa Soura" Tel. 38869. Open from 9 a.m. to I p.m. and 4-6 p.m.

# from the CARROLL RIGHTER INSTITUTE

GENERAL TENDENCIES: You eager to get your affairs arranged on a more solid structure, but it seems that there are all sorts of delaying conditions that prevent you from feeling that you are achieving this important objective. Be more objective with others, too, and more aware of your long-range plans and then you won't be disappointed.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 10) Make sure you know what the influential expect of you and try to please to the best of your ability. Use care in the bandling of some credit affair and avoid later trouble. Be wiser to the ways of others.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Don't jump into new interests without further study or you can make glaring errors. Get busy at important tasks ahead early. Avoid one who is acting overly independent and could give you trouble.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Deal more intelligently with those who owe you money and vice versa in husiness especially. Your closest tie is too demanding, but use tact. Avoid one who has ulterior motives. Be careful in driving.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Get partnership affairs on a better basis where associates are concerned and be more successful in the future. Situations arise that are not to your liking, but use tact and all will he fine.

LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Tackle all those duties ahead of you and don't run off on any tangents. Keep promises you have made. Take the treatments that will give you more strength and vitality. Be careful in political matters. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) You want to get into amusements far afield from the norm, but you would re-

gret it later, so be circumspect. Be kinder with your mate and have more harmony, bappiness. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Don't be too critical obout the conditions at bome or it gets worse. Do what you can to better conditions there quietly. Try to be more cheerful and lift the spirits of others. Handle money matters wisely.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Don't upset good friends or they could resent it and you would lose them. Be careful in driving, walking and avoid accidents that could easily occur today. Steer clear of gossips.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Don't commit yourself to further expense where some new project is concerned if you are not sure of it. Add more to bank acount instead. Cut down on expenses wherever you can.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Try not to antagonize others because you are not at all in a good mood today. Take better care of your health and you soon feel more cheerful. Be careful of those who have an eye on assets.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) You want to get busy on new activities but have other things to handle before you can do so successfully. Take care you do nothing that could later bring you trouble with your mate. Be loya!.

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Friends may be disappointing to you but only because they are under pressure of some sort. But later they can be helpful. Don't be forceful to gain some desire which you think means much to you but you later realize is bardly worthwhile.



Can't we bridge the generation gap between George Washington and Thomas Jefferson?"

# PEANUTS

ENGLAND



Jack Clayton

LAUGHS FROM EUROPE







# THE FLINTSTONES















# Indian Communists call for end to emergency, attack Gandhi's son

NEW DELHI, Feb. 9 (Agencies) — India's Communist Party CPI called today for an end to the country's 20-monthold state of emergency and criticised the power wielded by Mr. Sanjay Gandhi, son of the prime minister.

In its manifesto for general elections next month, the pro--Moscow party was highly critical of many government po-

But CPI General Secretary Rajeswara Rao indicated at a press conference the party would cooperate with the ruling Congress Party of Mrs. Indira Gandhi in some states in the elections.

The Communists backed Congress in the last two gene-ral elections and supported the imposition of the emergency. but a rift has opened up between them largely over Mr. Sanjay Gandhi's growing in-

In a scarcely-veiled attack on the 30-year-old son of Mrs. Gandhi, the party manifesto said: "the machinery and resources of the state had been recklessly used to build up a personality who has no official

Mr. Rao said the main responsibility for this rested with the prime minister, "who has allowed this kind of extraconstitutional authority to come out."

The manifesto urged an end to the emergency and called for a decisive majority for what it termed democratic forces.

Mr. Rao declined to say whe-

sharing

PARIS, Feb. 9 (AFP). — Chief Japanese delegate Muneto

Shashiki today said proposals

put forward by Japan here to

meet European demands for

fairer sharing of the shipbuil-

ding market was the maximum

that it could offer at present.

what any government would

be prepared to do when faced

with a similar situation, he

Ministry, discounted any idea that a "trade war" might de-

velop between Japan and West-

Under an agreement signed to-

day with the Royal Dutch-Shell

group, the state took over the

group's remaining 40 per cent

stake in Shell Qatar, a comp-

any which operates Qatar's

offshore oilfields, officials ann-

The oilfields have a daily

average output of about

ning of the year to 70 points.

during the last hour.

early small gains.

effects of the bad winter on the economy.

LONDON MARKET

gold bullion price. Australians remained mixed.

**Qatar** assumes

Mr. Shashiki, a senior off-

e iransport

DOHA, Qatar, Feb. 9 (R). - 250,000 barrels, accounting for

WALL STREET REPORT

'Prices dropped Wednesday on the New York stock exchange where the industrial average lost more than eight points in moderate trading, bringing the loss of the Dow Jones since the begin-

and the fact that the market faces a series of economic statistics in the next few days that are expected to show the adverse

to 394 margin. Auto shares were badly hit. General Motors, the most treated share, lost 1-7/8 at 71. Ford lost 1-5/8 at 56-3/8.

8.40 points: Transp at 225.94, a loss of 1.80; utilities at 107.94, a loss of 1.59. 23,640,000 shares changed hands, of which 4,830,000

The selling was blamed on energy and cold-weather worries

Declines outnumbered advances at the close by a broad 1032

At the close the industrial average shows at 933.84, a loss of

The market closed firm Wednesday among government stocks

Short dated stocks were higher by around 1/1 to 5/8 point

Equities closed mostly a few pence easier on balance after

Mining shares recovered small falls in line with the higher

Hawker featured in engineerings, gaining 6p while net falls

hut leading industrials generally reversed early small gains in quiet trading, dealers said. At 15:00 the F.T. index was down 2.3

on 'cheap' buying but longs were off the top with net gans of 1/g to 3/8, helped by an expected fall in the money supply figures,

moving irregularly. Leading engineering shares were firm.

Oils were well off than bottom with B.P. down a net 2p

after 10p while banks were unchanged to a touch easier after

of around 5p were seen in leaders such as Bowater, Glaxo, Reed and Fisons, dealers said. ICI was 2p higher after moving irre-

Trust Houses Forte lost around 2-1/20 after full year results and Imperial Group eased a penny on further consideration of

Price of gold in London closed Wednesday at 136.25.

La Rue gained a net 2p after 5p, also after results Tuesday. Falls of up to 3p were seen in EMI, Courtauld, Boots and

told newsmen.

It would be the maximum of

Congress or for a splinter group called Congress for Democracy, led by former Agricul-ture Minister Jagjivan Ram. But Congress and the CPI have already agreed to cooperate in the contest for West Bengal in the elections betwe-en March 16 and 20.

Mr. Rao said the Communist Party was likely to field about 90 candidates for seats in the 542-seat Lok Sabha (lower ho-

Meanwhile, observers here believe that a withdrawal from the political scene by Mr. Sanlay Gandhi seems to be one of the major results of last week's split in the Congress Party ca-used by the resignation of Ag-riculture Minister Mr. Ram.

Mr. Sanjaya Gandhi, who has been a member of the Congress Youth Movement since December, 1975, has practically disappeared from the political scene since Mr. Ram's departure a week ago. He has made no public statements and the pro-government news me-dia have not mentioned his na-

me for eight days.

Mr. Gandhi, who has become
a national political figure in
the space of a year, was scheduled to preside over next Saturday's Congress Party el-

ection rally at the Ramlila ground at the gates of Old Delhi. The first posters to go up an-nouncing the rally said he would be present. But these were rapidly replaced by others carrying the portrait of Mrs. Gandhi berself and saying that she would be present at the rally. The new posters made no mention of Mr. Sanjay Gandhi.

He said he was convinced

that Japan's partners had app-

reciated that its proposals we-

shipyards were faced with a

These proposals were 'rea-

Mr. Shashiki declined to say

from which date and by what

amount Japan would raise the

export prices of vessels built

ean countries should themsel-

some half of Qatar's total pro-

Details on the takeover ter-

ms were not immediately ava-

ilable but oil industry sources

said Shell would continue to

operate the oilfields on behalf

of the government on terms si-

milar to those of last year's

takeover of the Qatar Petro-leum Company (QPC) which

operates the country's onshore

REPORT

serious situation.

listic", he said.

by its yards.



# Smith seeks Vorster's approval for "internal" Rhodesian settlement

CAPE TOWN, Feb. 9 (AFP). -Rhodesian Prime Minister Ian Smith held three hours of talks today with South African Premier John Vorster on the Rhodesian problem, following the failure of British diplomat Ivor Richard's mission. It was their first meeting for five months.

A brief communique put out by Mr. Vorster said "at the re-quest of Mr. Smith, he and 1 together with our colleagues here held a negotiating session in depth on the Rhodesian problem. Mr. Smith informed me of his government's determina-tion to explore further avenues for a settlement. Further talks

Observers said that Mr. Smith had asked Mr. Vorster to back

European prices, which in some

cases amount to as much as

it was futile to discuss the fu-

ture market shares of the var-

ious countries as long as agr-

eement had not been reached on an adequate unit of refe-

Mr. Shashiki affirmed that

Japanese yards secured 56.3

per cent of world orders for

new vessels in 1976 against 49

Western experts have said

Under today's agreement, the

assets of Shell Qatar will be

handed over within 30 days to

the Qatar Petroleum Producing

Authority (QPPA), a state-ow-

ned organisation controlling all

the country's hydrocarbon res-

Shell would, meanwhile, set

up a company to be called the

Qatar Shell. Services Company

(QSSC) which would operate

the offshore oilfields for the

government at an agreed fee.

ources, the sources said.

The Japanese delegate said

ECONOMIC AND BUSINESS NEWS

Japan defends its proposals for

ves act to reduce the gap bet-ween Japanese and Western cent of the orders last year.

full control over offshore oilfields

shipbuilding market with

40 per cent.

his attempts to find an "internal solution," to the Rhodesian problem with "moderate" Afri-

It was Mr. Smith's first visit to South Africa since he met former U.S. Secretary of State Henry Kissinger in Pretoria du-ring his Southern African shuttle last September. It was Dr. Kissinger who set up the British-chaired Geneva conference on Rhodesia and persuaded the Rhodesian leader to agree to African majority rule within two years.

Mr. Smith will leave Cape Town tomorrow morning for Salisbury.

South African Foreign Minister Hilgard Muller and Defence Minister Piet Botha took part in the talks.

Noting that Japanese yards

had been faced with a very high number of cancelled or-

ders, Mr. Shashiki said that as

their order books represented only 32 per cent of the world

total, against 42 per cent for

Western European yards.

To illustrate the crisis situ-

ation in the Japanese industry,

he said the work force, which

totalled 270,000 before the cr-

isis, had been reduced by 55,000

The European Economic Co-mmunity today was reported

to have asked Japan to clarify

the proposals it submitted here

Sources close to a special

committee on shipbuilding of

the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development

(OECD) said delegates from the nine EEC countries were

seeking more specific informa-

tion from Japan on two points:

actly what share of the world

market Japan would be ready

-- They would also like to

learn exactly by what amount Japan would be willing to raise

prices of new vessels sold to

shipowners of the OECD area.

-- They wanted to know ex-

vesterday.

to accept.

**ECONOMIC NEWS BRIEFS** 

ERUSALEM, Feb. 9 (R). — The government and Israel's powerful

tration board headed by a Supreme Court judge, in an attempt to solve the country's worst labour crisis in its 28 years. Nearly

200,000 public service employees are either on strike, threatening

UXEMBOURG, Feb. 9 (AFP). - Mr. Guido Brunner, EEC Com-

missioner for Energy, has affirmed that the European Economic ommunity is harder hit than the United States and Japan by

the effects of the latest increase in crude oil prices. Speaking in a debate on energy problems in the European Parliament here last

night, Mr. Brunner said balance of payments difficulties and slow-

er economic growth left the EEC countries no other options than

cutting back on energy consumption, developing their own energy resources and strengthening their mutual solidarity.

PEIRUT, Feb. 9 (R). — The U.N. Food and Agriculture Organisa Dtion (FAO) will give Lebanon 12,000 tons of chemical fertilisers under an agreement signed here today, it was officially announced.

Lebanese Prime Minister Selim Al Hoss and visiting FAO Director

ONDON, Feb. 9 (R). - The Governor of the Bank of England,

ONDON, Feb. 9 (R). — The Governor of the Bank of England, Mr. Gordon Richardson, will outline British proposals for offering foreign currency bonds to replace official holdings of sterling balances in London when he visits Saudi Arabia and Kuwait later this month, informed sources said yesterday. The bank announced that Mr. Richardson would visit Saudi Arabia for four days from

Feb. 18 at the invitation of the Saudi Arabian monetary authorities

and would arrive in Kuwait on Feb. 22. Both countries are sub-

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9 (R). — The United States and West Ger-

W many will discuss nuclear non-proliferation here this week and the agenda will include Bonn's sale to Brazil of nuclear reproces-

sing facilities, on which the U.S. frowns. A State Department spokesman, announcing the talks, said West German State Secretary Peter Hermes and U.S. Deputy Secretary of State-designate Warren Christopher would lead the delegations, to meet on

PRUSSELS, Feb. 9 (AFP). — The European Economic Community (REC) in principle favours Portugal's entry into the REC, but

before negotiating it wants to study in detail the economic pro-

blems posed by Portuguese entry. This emerged from a text drawn up here yesterday by the EEC foreign ministers, in which the

ministers took note of Portugal's intention to seek membership.

General Edouard Saouma signed the agreement

stantial holders of sterling balances.

tomorrow and Friday.

to strike or only working because of emergency orders.

trade union group last night agreed to set up a voluntary arbi-

of the end of last September,

# Strong "Yes" vote forecast in Egyptian

on his tour, MENA said.

resume talks

in Cairo

five hours here today, concen-

trating on Middle East topics

rather than the strained rela-

tions between the two coun-

The Egyptian official Middle Ea-

st News Agency (MENA) quo-ted Mr. Sytenko, who is head of the Middle East section at

the Soviet Foreign Ministry, as

and prospects of resuming the stalled Geneva peace confere-

bere was ignored by the Egyp-

tian press, added be would al-

so visit Syria and Jordan and would meet Palestinian leaders

His talks bere will continue

Mr. Sytenko, whose arrival

viet Union.

CAIRO, Feb. 9 (R). — Almost 10 million Egyptians vote to-morrow in a referendum on tough law and order measures introduced last week by President Anwar Sadat.

poll today

The vote appears to be a test of confidence in the pre-sident following last month's violent food riots in which demonstrators called for his dow-

Observers believe a big majority will vote "yes". But the proposed measures are opposed by the lerust party, the smallest or the three formed wnen Egypt ceased to be a single-party state last year.

Mr. Khaled Mohieddin, leader of the Progressive Unionist Party, which has only two seats in parliament, urged voters to cast a "no" vote, arguing against measures outlawing oemonstranons and strikes.

President Sadat has blamed "Communists" and impacitly the Soviet Union for the two days of nots over tood price increases.

The riots killed 79 people.

About 16,000 polling stations will open from sunrise to sunset tomorrow.

A press, radio and television campaign has warned Egyptians their property and lives are at risk without tough measures against law breakers.

President Sadat told Moslem and Christian religious leaders yesterday the plotters also wanted to pumge the country into strife between the two fa-

The measures would allow violators to be sentenced to hard labour for life. They also provide prison terms for taxevaders, but exempt small tarmers and the poor from all

A simple majority in the referendum will pass the new laws, but an overwhelming "yes" vote, especially in the country side, is forecast by

Registered voters who fail to vote are subject to fines of one pound (about same as ste-

# Iran may cut down on arms purchases

NEW YORK, Feb. 9 (AFP). -Iran is considering cutting down on its planned purchaces of U.S. arms because petroleum revenue in the coming months may not suffice to pay for all of them, it was repor-

The New York Times said this was revealed by Irinan and diplomatic sources in Teh-

Deputy Defence Minister Gen. Hassan Toufanian was quoted as saying in an interview: "His majesty the Shah has told me bankruptcy is worse than defeat.'

'His majesty has ordered that we shall act according to-

The government was urging the U.S. plane-maker General Dynamics Corporation "to accept payment in Iranian oil for the \$3,800 million worth

# USSR, Hungary, Czechoslovakia ony at the Soviet Foreign Ministry was attended by Senor

Egypt, USSR Spain sets up diplomatic ties with

MADRID, Feb. 9 (Agencies) — Spain set up diplomatic rela-CAIRO, Feb. 9 (R). — Soviet and Egyptian officials met for tions with the Soviet Union, Hungary and Czechoslovakia today, bringing to seven the number of Socialist states with which it has normalised relations in three weeks.

It had earlier established re-The meeting between Egyptian Foreign Minister Ismail Falations with Romania, Poland, Yugoslavia and Bulgaria. The hmi and Mr. Mikhail Sytenko, moves are part of a campaign who arrived here yesterday, was the first high-level bilateto normalise relations broken during the 1936-39 civil war ral contact since food riots in which brought the late Gen. Egypt last month which were officially blamed on "Communists" and implicitly the So-Franco to power.

Gen. Franco, who died on Nov. 15, once regarded comm-unism as Spain's greatest ene-One major stumbling block

in negotiations with the Soviet Union was Madrid's demand for the return of Spanish gold saying the discussions dealt with the Middle East situation valued at about \$2.1 billion at current prices. The gold was deposited in Russia during the civil war by the leftwing Spanish Republic

later defeated by Gen. Franco's rightwing insurgents. The issue was not mentioned in the communique announcing diplomatic relations had been

established But Spanish officials said it did not mean Spain was renounoing its claim and this could now be more easily pursued with the normalisation of rela-

Since 1973 Spanish and Soviet trade missions, embassies in all but name, had been functioning in Moscow and Madrid and trade and cultural con-tacts had steadily increased, even before the death of Gen.

The agreement on formal ties was finalised by an exchange of notes between Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko and Spanish Foreign Minister Marcelino Oreja Aguirre.

Rafael Serrer Sagreras, head of the Spanish Trade Mission who now becomes ambassador, and members of his staff.

In Madrid, a similar ceremony was attended by the Spanish Under-Secretary of Foreign affairs, Senor Miguel So-lano and the Soviet representative here, Mr. Sergei Bogo-An official announcement is-

sued through the Soviet Tass news agency said the two co-untries had agreed to develop relations on the basis of the principles of peaceful coexis-tence and the United Nations Charter. The decision was also based

on the spirit of the accords reached during the European Security Conference which en-

Most moderate politicians in Spain welcomed restoration of ties while those who criticised the move were mainly on the far right.

A CADILLAC FOR CARRILLO

Meanwhile, Spanish Communist Party head Santiago Carrillo will be transported in an armour-plated Cadillac sent for his protection by Rumanian President Nicolae Ceaucascu, a newspaper reported in Mad-rid today. The Sabado Graffer reported that the car was now going through Spanish customs formalities. The paper aff irmed that authorities have re fused to grant firearms per mits to Mr. Carrillo's bodys

# Israel will try again to get U.S. approval for sale of Kfir jets

TEL AVIV, Feb. 9 (AFP). — A spokesman for the Israeli aircraft industry said today that Israel was going ahead with preparation in case it was able to fill Ecuador's order for 24 Kfir fighter

He said Israel was still trying to get Washington to reconside its opposition to the sale.

The U.S. State Department announced two days ago it has denied permission to sell the Kfirs, which are powered by American-made jet engines. The sale would be contrary to America policy of withholding sophisticated weapons from Latin America countries, it was explained.

The Israeli government will probably raise the issue of the Kfirs when U.S. Secretary of State Cyrus Vance comes here

Sale of Israeli military equipment incorporating advanced U.s. technology is subject to American approval, under terms of our tracts under which U.S. weapons are sold abroad, or manufacture

# Soweto police clash with 2,000 students black

JOHANNESBURG, Feb. 9, (R). South African police today fired tear gas to disperse thousands of chanting black students trying to stop examinations at two high schools.

The fiercest clash was at the Orlando High School, a focal point of student militancy in the sprawling black township of Soweto outside Johannesb-

freedom songs.

Police used tear gas to di perse thousands of students at Meadowlands School, also in Soweto, who burned their bo-

Maj. Gen. David Kriel, South Africa's "riot control" chief, said students had also burned their books at four other

### **MAKARIOS STATES BELIEF IN CYPRUS** SOLUTION

NICOSIA, Feb. 9 (AFP). -The President of Cyprus, Ar-chhishop Makarios, now believes a compromise solution to the island's political split is possible.

In an interview with Italian television made public here today, Archbishop Makarios said he was prepared to accept a "compromise" provided it "does not jeopardise the future of Cyprus as an independent state." Recent talks with Rauf De-

nktash, head of the Turkish Cypriot community, led the archbishop to believe that "compromise is possible", he

ted here today.

the money we shall have. Construction of the Iranian naval base of Chah Bahar has been delayed because of diminishing sales of crude oil, the Times noted.

of F-16 lightweight fighter air-

craft that Iran has ordered," the Times said, but plans for a costly Ibex electronic communications monitoring system were still going forward. The Iranian military budget would be reduced from \$12,000 million to less than \$11,000 because of the drop in oil sales, the newspaper said.

> FISCHER MAY MEET SPASSKY AT CHESS AGAIN

REYKJAVIK, Feb. 9 (R). - Former World Chess Cham Booby Fischer of the United States and Boris Spassky of the Soviet Union may meet again in Reykjavik. Five years after the pair kept most of the world engrossed with their battle for the world title here the Icelandic Chess Federation is trying to get them together again. Mr. Spassky will play Mr. Vlastimil Hort of Czechoslovakia in the quarter final of this year's World Championship from Feb. 27 in Reykjavík and the Icelan-dic Federation intends to invite Mr. Fischer to watch.

### Americans get good weather news at last NEW YORK, Feb 9, (R). -The situation was under con-Winter-weary Americans f

trol by mid-morning and the militants had been dispersed, he said. Gen. Kriel denied reports that shots had been fired and said only one demonstrator had been arrested. "I think the trouble is over,

for the time being at least," he said. Many of the demonstrating students came from other schools in Soweto and police ordered a special curfew for to-

Baton-wielding police storminto Orlando school and scattered 2,000 demonstrators who waved their fists and chanted

Due to an inadvertent editing error in yesterday's paper, the Associated Press correspondent who was expelled from Moscow was identified as Alexander Ginzberg.

Our sincere apologies.

Visser said.

The correct name is of course George Krimsky.

morrow in the township during

school hours. Under its terms,

all children must be in their

classrooms between 8 am and

The township remained te-

nse, with thousands of stude-

nts milling about its streets.

CORRECTION

3 pm. Any found on the str-

eets in curfew hours would Americans in the north not be regarded as students, eastern third of the countr. and police had been ordered having endured the colds to be tough with them, the Sowinter this century, now fer weto police chief, Brig. Jan that a quick thaw cou cause major floods.

forecast today.

Cities such as Buffalo, northern New York State could face a disaster from floods rivalling that brough about by blizzards over th last two weeks.

nally got some good new

today. The National Weather

Service forecast "unseason

ably warm" weather acros

the northern and centre

plains and seasonal tampe

The drought-stricken ja

west also obtained some re

lief when inuch-needed rai

fell in northern Californi

yesterday. More rain we

ratures elsewhere.

More than 406 cms. a snow fell on Buffalo the winter -- three times th usual amount -- and a suc den thaw would almost coi tainly lead to flooding.

# WORLD NEWS BRIEFS

RIPOLI, Feb. 9 (AFP). — The Philippine government and t autonomist Moro Liberation Front began their second round talks here today aimed at settling the Moslem rebellion in t southern Philippines, the Libyan Arab Revolution News Agen (ARNA) reported. Libya sponsored the peace talks, and Libya Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Ali Treiki chaired today session, which was also attended by a four-party committee colleged of delegates from Libya, Senegal, Somalia and Saudi Arabi and by the secretary general of the Islamic Congress, ARI

ADDIS ABABA, Feb. 9 (AFP). — Libya has become the secondary, after South Yemen, to express support for Ethi pla's military rule following the failure of a "coup d'état" whi cost 11 lives including that of head of state Teferi Bente at t end of last week. Ethiopian News Agency (ENA) said Tripol ambassador to Ethiopian saw Lieut. Col. Mengistu Halle Maria First Vice Chairman of the ruling Dergue yesterday handing his a mesage of congratulations from Col. Muammar Qadhafi follo

ing the failure of the coup.

COLOMBO, Feb. 9 (R). — Tunisian Information Minister Mustap.

Masmoudi who arrived here yesterday from New Delhi he talks today with Sri Lanka's Information Minister, Mr. R. S. Perel Official sources said they discussed the meeting of the 15-memi Coordinating Council of the information ministers of non-align countries to be held in Tunis later this month.

DARIS, Feb. 9 (R). — French lawyers and magistrates today & ticised the government for its "haste" last month in release.

Palestinian guerrilla chief Abu Dawud. The leading representative of the legal profession said in a communique they "deplored to conditions of haste under which the government asked a court meet and decide upon the (extradition) requests submitted by ti German and Israeli governments, although the French governments could have gone ahead alone with the release of Abu Dawl without resorting to a judiciary decision."

ONDON, Feb. 9 (R). — A parliamentary group today rejecti controls, rep. 5 (K). — A parliamentary group today repeat a suggestions that immigrants to Britain should voluntarily register the names of dependants who might also seek entry. The a party group was set up after a parliamentary debate in which anxiety was expressed about future levels of immigration. In the report published today, the three-man group said a voluntary registration scheme would be ineffective while a compulsory registration according to the control of the control o ter, although effective, would cost too much and be open to pol-

NAR ES SALAAM, Feb. 9 (R). - Tanzanian doctors have claim a medical breakthrough by rejoining a man's arm severed in factory accident, the government owned Dally News reported to day. The 38-year-old patient had the operation last week at Minimili Medical Centre here, the first of its kind in Tanzania.